

CRIMINAL COURTS FACE BUSY TERM

Five Murder Cases to Be Tried Besides Causes Growing Out of Investigation of the Postoffice Scandals.

Machen and Groff Brothers Likely to Be Called to Trial Early in the Term. Two Justices Now Available.

There are five persons now in the District jail charged with murder. Only one of these, however, James Henson, who is held for the murder of Lazier Gozman December 30 last, has been indicted. The other four are accused of homicides committed within the last month. They are James Butler, charged with killing Joseph Green on June 24; Walter Wright, held for the murder of Robert W. Town on June 26; Thomas M. Joyce, for the murder of William F. Hall, July 6, and George Howard, charged with the murder of Buck Alston, July 13.

Indictments have not been reported in these cases because the grand jury has been occupied for a long time investigating charges growing out of the Postoffice scandals. These cases will be taken up, however, as soon as the grand jury completes the investigation of Postoffice cases now under consideration.

While the number of capital cases on the docket is much smaller than in previous years, nevertheless, with the Postoffice cases coming on for trial the indications are that the fall term of the Supreme Court of the District will be unusually busy.

Many Minor Cases.

Besides the capital cases, there is a large number of persons in jail and on bond awaiting trial on serious offenses, such as housebreaking, man-

KEEPERS AT THE ZOO NOT TO WORK SUNDAYS

Publication in The Times Brought Them Relief.

SOME ALREADY NOTIFIED

Length of Working Days Subject to Order of Proper Authority, Which in This Case Is Dr. Baker.

Less work for the keepers at the Zoological Park has resulted from the publication in The Times of the arduous duties exacted of them in order to retain their positions.

Already a number of the men have been informed that they will not be compelled in the future to work on Sunday and legal holidays. The change applies to those employed by the month, while the grievances of those paid by the day are now under consideration.

Immediately after the question was brought to the attention of Dr. Frank Baker, superintendent of the Zoo, and following his assertion that the men received a day's leave for each Sunday, one of the keepers called upon the superintendent and registered a complaint in connection with this additional work without compensation. He acted as spokesman for his fellow-employees.

Keepers Make Appeal.

The grievances of the keepers were set forth to Dr. Baker. He was informed that the men were intensely dissatisfied with the present arrangement, and an appeal was made to him to find immediate relief.

The matter was taken up by Dr. Baker and Head Keeper W. H. Blackburn. This resulted in the announcement that the condition would be remedied without delay, at least so far as the monthly paid employees are concerned.

Under the new arrangement the five keepers who receive their pay by the month will not be compelled to report for duty on Sunday or legal holidays. In the event of a special order that they work on the Sabbath they will receive an equivalent leave in the following week.

The disposition of the requests of those who work by the day has not been announced. Their grievances are based on the fact that they receive no extra pay for Sunday work. The civil service law will probably figure in the final decision.

A Distinct Victory.

Should the day employees be granted a concession, the keepers will have gained a distinct victory.

The relation of their continuous performance at the treadmill of work as published in The Times has created much sympathy for the men and widespread criticism of the authority that compelled it.

The civil service laws on the subject provide that no Government employee shall work on Sunday or days declared by law to be holidays. In consequence of this, the employment of the keepers against their expressed desire on those days appears to be a direct and flagrant violation of this regulation.

The rules of the Civil Service Commission do not set a time limit, however, on the length of a day's work, other than to set forth that it shall not be less than seven hours. By special order of the proper authorities the hours may be extended without additional compensation.

CARDINAL OREGLIA, HEAD OF THE CHURCH

Impressive Figurehead for Nine Days' Interregnum.

THE CAMERLENGO'S POWER

Striking Personal and Intellectual Contrast Between Him and the Late Pope.

As the provisional head of the Catholic Church, the world today looks to Louis Oreglia di Santo Stefano. For nine days after the Pope's death, and during whatever time the conclave may be in session, he is the directing instrument of the church. Within the prescribed limits his power of enforcing the laws is absolute. At ceremonies he is to be the chief figure. It is he who will preside over the conclave, count the ballots cast there, and announce the result. Finally he will clothe the new Pope in the robes of office at the meeting of the cardinals, and then, as a mark of his return to the accustomed ways of life, first make obeisance to the new head of the church.

Appearance of Power.

In all this there is the appearance of power, as in any ceremonial when the attention is concentrated upon a single individual as representing a great organization. But it is an appearance only. From the first act to the last there is a requirement laid down and it is not the office of the Camerlengo to conduct a funeral and a conclave, but to conduct the funeral and the conclave that have been appointed for such a time by the laws of the church. The observances of those nine days are the observances that have marked the passing of other Popes, and surely a nine days' ruler may not depart from them. In the conclave it is possible that change may be introduced, but this change is only at the direction of the Pope who is dead, and the possibility of its introduction is determined when the seal is broken on his private papers.

Another Limitation.

Such, then, is the first limitation of the power of Cardinal Oreglia, Camerlengo, and dean of the Sacred College, to whom the world looks as head of the Catholic Church. There is another limitation, of more far-reaching importance, that comes through the lapse of Papal appointments in the College of Cardinals. In effect, the activities of the various congregations or departments are suspended from the time one Pope dies until another is appointed, unless some emergency arises. In that case it is the entire college, acting as a deliberative body, and not the Camerlengo, that determines policy and arranges for its execution.

The Camerlengo, therefore, is a great figurehead, impressive because of the organization he represents, but a figurehead nevertheless, brought into a little power for a little time, then to pass back into the ranks to take up whatever work may be assigned by the real head of the church, a new Pope.

A Picturesque Figurehead.

It happens that in the present instance this figurehead is both impressive and picturesque, and is made the more picturesque by a combination of circumstances with his own personality. When Joachim Pecci was under discussion in the conclave following the death of Pope Pius IX, Oreglia was an open partisan of Cardinal Billot.

This was because Oreglia and Pecci stood for radically different conceptions of things in general. Both, to be sure, were of gentle birth. Both were of scholarly attainments and possessed of an education that their birth accorded them, and which differed somewhat, in that country, from the education attainable by one of lowlier antecedents. But Oreglia and Pecci had accumulated different standards. The one was a patrician of the patricians, believing most

insistently in the precedence of class; the other, if not then actually democratic, at least of democratic tendencies that would develop with the years of his long Pontificate. Oreglia was a conservative of the conservatives, reactionary almost; Pecci was a liberal and most progressive.

Had But Small Part.

Oreglia, eighteen years the junior of Pope Leo, had been cardinal for five years when the other, in the twenty-fifth year of his membership in the college, became the successor of St. Peter. Pecci had been identified with important events; Oreglia, then one of the younger cardinals, with none such. Therefore, bearing in mind the differences in temperament, it is easy to understand why in the subsequent activity of Leo Oreglia should have but small part.

The result was that after the election Oreglia retired to his study, appearing in public only on the most important occasions and when it was necessary for him to appear in connection with his personal appointments, first as Bishop of Palestrina, then as Bishop of Porto and Santa Rufina, and later as Bishop of Ostia and Velletri. His more intimate offices were archbishop of the Roman University and Prefect of the Congregation of Ceremonies—both positions fitted to his personality and attainments in a reign such as that of Leo XIII.

Seldom at Vatican.

He went seldom to the Vatican, and it was this fact that gave rise, a few years ago, to the famous story attaching to his visit when an operation was performed on Pope Leo and the Pontiff's life was held as in a balance. Then Oreglia was summoned, that he might be on hand to perform his important duty as Camerlengo in case the Pope should die, and the story went out that he came into the apartments adjoining those where the Pontiff lay bearing the traditional silver hammer with which he was to strike the forehead of the dead Pope when calling him by name.

It was said that when Leo, recovering, heard of the incident, the feeling that had existed between him and Oreglia became intensified, but little credence is given the tale, for the double reason that the silver hammer which Oreglia might have used in the ceremony remained always in the Vatican, and that no cardinal, no matter what his feeling, would allow himself to be guilty of discourtesy to a dying Pope.

"An Eternal Father."

Another story of Oreglia comes with more claim to belief. That is that when news was brought him of Leo's recovery from the operation he exclaimed: "When we elected him we thought that we were choosing a Holy Father, but it appears that we chose an eternal father."

Personally Cardinal Oreglia is exactly what imagination would picture him. Tall and bent by his seventy-five years, his lean figure suggests the lifelong student and ascetic. In facial appearance the picture is carried out. Said one who not long ago met Oreglia and dined at the cardinal's house:

"He is every bit the patrician. Published prints of his face hardly do him justice. A high forehead, even before age made it bald, combines with his deep set eyes and the fine lines of the lower face to convey the impression of a man austere, of the utmost piety, of great learning, deepest conservatism, but withal a perfect gentleman of the old school."

Charming in Conversation.

"When I dined with Cardinal Oreglia, I found him charming in conversation and most interested in American and American things, although his standpoint was very different from that of the Holy Father. He is in brief the recluse, the student, who, finding his ideas of the old-time churchmanship out of tune with views of more modern thought, withdrew from the world, although he watched closely its course; only to emerge when his solemn office called him for a little time into the light. That office performed, he will return again, and people will forget about him, as he no doubt desires."

NEW COMET WAS SEEN BY MANY OBSERVERS

Was Visible to Naked Eye in Handle of Great Dipper.

With a cloudless sky and clear atmosphere last night the new comet discovered by Borelli at Marselles was plainly visible to the naked eye and the opportunity of seeing it under such favorable circumstances was taken advantage of by many interested in astronomy.

The comet was found near the middle star in the handle of the Great Dipper. It is of about the fifth magnitude, and may be identified by its bushy appearance.

Although fifteen observations of the new comet have been made at the Naval Observatory. The course of the comet has been closely followed, and it is found to be going west.

The comet is traveling rapidly and is growing larger and brighter. For the past week or more it has been conspicuous to the eye as the most brilliant star in the Dipper, but is not so sharp in outline.

The comet can be found by first observing the tail and following it with a glass until the main body is reached. It will then be discernible without the aid of a glass.

THREE SHOT IN TENNESSEE.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 25.—Jerry Jarnagin, a collector for a brewery company of this city, was shot and instantly killed at Lafayette, Tenn., yesterday afternoon by John L. Smith, who was shot by Jarnagin, and is now dying. Theodore Smith, a son of John L. Smith, also was killed. The trouble started through a misunderstanding about business affairs which developed into a quarrel.

FORESAW HIS DEATH IN GLASS THAT CHEERS

Oliver Ingram, After Bidding Friends Good-by, Went Home and Died.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—Believing in a premonition that his death was not far off, though he was apparently in good health, Oliver Ingram, of 1936 North Eleventh Street, bade two of his lifelong friends good-by in a cafe at Eighth and Vine Streets Friday. He died at his home less than an hour later.

Ingram, into whose death the coroner held an inquest yesterday, was an old friend of Detective Thomas Alexander, of the city hall squad. They met a friend in a saloon at Eighth and Vine Streets and talked of old times. Ingram seemed to be in a reflective mood.

"Come, boys, let us take a drink together for old times," Ingram said. "It will be the last time you will ever drink with me."

His friends protested that he would live for years. Ingram laid his hands on his friends' shoulders and said: "No you will probably never again see me alive."

The subject was not a pleasing one and was dropped, but when Ingram left the cafe he shook the hands of his friends and boarded an Eighth Street car. Shortly afterward he was stricken and died at his home from hemorrhage of the brain, according to the finding of the coroner's jury.

PIE AS A REWARD.

ROCHESTER, July 25.—Bishop Hendrick, who is going soon to the Philippines, has presented a pie seven feet in circumference to a police captain, redeeming a promise made a year ago to thus reward the official if he would close the dives in his district.

SAILORS GIVE IDEAS OF RECREATION HALLS

Prepare Plans for Club Rooms Which Will Be Submitted to Congress.

Acting Secretary Darling of the Navy Department is considering reports by commandants on the sort of recreation halls or athletic clubs they believe best adapted to the needs of the enlisted men at navy yards and naval stations.

Secretary Moody requested Mr. Darling to make a report on the proposed recreation halls before the preparation of the estimates for the naval appropriation for this year. Mr. Darling directed that letters of inquiry be sent to officers at all the stations and he will have his report to the secretary on the replies from the men in command.

Organizations of patriotic women, the Young Men's Christian Association, and many other societies have advocated the erection of club houses for the enlisted men to replace the dives which ordinarily surround the naval stations. This movement gave rise to Secretary Moody's request.

Of the reports which have been received at the Navy Department that from Mare Island, San Francisco, is the most exhaustive, and is accompanied by a watercolor picture of a building designed under the direction of the officers at that yard. Mrs. McKeller, wife of Captain McKeller, who is stationed at Mare Island, has been a tireless worker

in the interest of enlisted men, and probably assisted in the preparation of the admirable plans for the Mare Island hall.

The proposed building is of Grecian architecture, of white stone, and two stories. On the roof are seats which command a good view of an athletic field which is pictured in front of the club house.

Plans for the buildings at various stations must be governed by the grounds available for recreation purposes. At League Island the enlisted men have prepared a ball ground and athletic park at their own expense. This has also been done at some of the other stations. Buildings for recreation purposes have not been provided by the Government at any of the yards. At most of the yards and stations the barracks are so crowded that no space can be spared for gymnasiums or game rooms.

If money can be had, buildings, similar to the one Helen Gould erected in New York for sailors, will be provided by the Government. The building planned for Mare Island is probably much more expensive than Congress would care to build, but it is hoped that philanthropists will make the erection of well-equipped club houses possible.

MINT THEFT BAFFLES SECRET SERVICE MEN

Operatives at Loss to Fix Responsibility for Shortage of \$887.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—Secret Service operatives have been baffled in their attempts to place the responsibility for the theft of \$887 from the Mint, which was discovered recently during the process of counting the coin and weighing the bullion stored there.

The peculation has made it necessary to recount and reweigh the wealth of the Mint vaults. This was done, according to law, when Henry K. Boyer turned the custody of the Mint over to Superintendent Landis.

After the Government had gone to the expense of doing the work and the task was nearly completed, it was learned that \$887 was missing. The previous calculation of the weighers and enumerators was so unattested by the discrepancy caused by the lacking sum that they were forced to start in and begin the job afresh.

Had it been possible, it would have profited the Government more to have supplied the deficiency, rather than go over the treasures in the Mint a second time. The cost of the extra work will greatly exceed \$887.

RABIES AMONG CATTLE.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 25.—The State board of health has taken stringent measures to suppress the alarming spread of rabies among horses and cattle in the town of Montgomery. Many cattle are dying there.

LANSBURGH & BROTHER. LANSBURGH & BROTHER.

Store Closes Evenings 5 O'clock, Saturdays Excepted.

Our Mid-Summer Clearance Sale

Price cutting is in evidence all over the store. Every floor and every section of the store will be alive with stirring news, summer goods are to be cleared away, stocks that are too large are to be cut down, everything that tends to make this store attractive and profitable to midsummer shoppers has been combined. We want a busy store; we make such offerings as will repay you splendidly for coming.

98c Petticoats, Monday, 59c

Monday we offer you a splendid House Petticoat; made of good quality striped gingham; excellent width and length; finished with full, deep flounce on a French yoke; this petticoat sells regularly at 98c. To close the lot, choose..... 59c

Extraordinary Sale of Wash Dress Fabrics

A lot of fine Dotted White Swiss; St. Gaul goods; worth 25c and 40c a yard. Special to close, yard..... 25c	Plain Colored Duck Suiting, linen finish, in black, navy, tan, light blue, and pink; our 20c kind, per yard..... 11c
Serpentine Crepons, in white, cream, light blue, and pink, helio, canary, blue, red, black, old rose, and gray, 15c value, yard..... 12c	50 pieces Fine Persian Lawn, 32 inches wide and worth 18c a yard. Special, yard..... 12c
Imported India Linen; fine, sheer quality; 32 inches wide; worth 12c a yard. Special, yard..... 12c	36-inch White Linen Lawn; medium weight; the popular kind for shirt waists and suits; 50c kind, Special, yard..... 40c
25c Mercerized White Basket weave Hosiery; 30 inches wide; just the thing for a shirtwaist suit; yard..... 19c	1.25 English Long Cloth; 36 inches wide; 12 yards to the piece; excellent quality. Special, piece..... \$1.25

\$1.98 House Dress, Monday, 98c

A perfect fitting House Dress in one and two-piece styles, slightly soiled from handling; that have been selling for \$1.98 and \$1.68; made of excellent quality striped gingham and percale; the sizes are broken. What's left you can have at..... 98c

Four Interesting Silk Items

10 Pcs. Natural Habutai Silk Full 20 in. Wide, 25c	10 Pcs. Natural Pongee, 48c
A perfect cloth; will launder perfectly; very soft, natural finish; so suitable for waists. Regular value 39c.	Some plain, some with neat embroidered figures. These goods will launder perfectly; so popular for seashore or mountain wear. Regular price, 75c.
400 Yds. Black Japanese, 21c	15 Pcs. 36 in. Natural Habutai, 59c
Surahs, Indias, Pongees, Corded Wash Silks, some plain Habutais, fancy striped Silks; lengths from 2 1/2 to 12 yards. Former price 89c to 89c.	The grandest value ever offered at the price; will launder perfectly; very smooth, with bright luster. Regular value, 89c.

Lansburgh & Bro.

429-426 Seventh Street 417-425 Eighth Street

STRANDED IN SWAMP; ONLY MOSQUITOES NEAR

Boy Is Found in North Jersey Meadows in Famine Condition.

UNION HILL, N. J., July 25.—Waist deep in mud, with the mosquitoes besieging him in clouds, William Kortu, seventeen years old, was found tonight in a famine condition on the meadows. Kortu said that he wandered away from his home yesterday morning and lost his way and had nothing to eat. The services of two men were required to extricate him. The boy had struggled for hours, until exhausted.

AUTOS MUST BE TAGGED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS

Arrest for Owners of Unnumbered Vehicles After August 25.

The law requiring numbers on all automobiles in the District of Columbia will go into effect August 25, after which time the drivers of untagged autos will be arrested and penalized. This announcement was made by Commissioner West yesterday, as a result of the opinion handed down two weeks ago by Justice Gould, of the District Supreme Court. Mr. West suggests that advertisements be published giving official notification that the regulations will go into effect within thirty days. This period of grace is recommended because of the uncertainty which has attached to the formal promulgation of the new rules, and also for the purpose of giving time in which to register automobiles and take out permits for their operation. The necessary application blanks have been ready for some time. W. A. McFarland, Superintendent of the Water Department, is secretary of the examining board.

Ten-one F—Cor. Tenth.
Entire building—phone "one-fifty."



Rich's Shoes Reduced

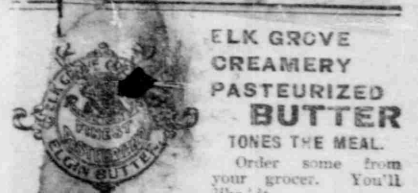
Again we call your attention to the reduction sale in progress here—the offering of the most up-to-date Summer Footwear at lower prices than are asked for the most ordinary styles.

The sale is the result of the unvarying policy of this establishment of closing out the styles of each season in the season in which they are worn, thus keeping stocks thoroughly fresh and maintaining our position in the forefront with the leading shoe shops of New York.

Thus it is that we are selling the highest grades of Summer Footwear, embracing the most distinctive styles to be had, at greatly reduced prices.

You must, of course, realize the necessity of immediate response, for lines of sizes and assortments are daily becoming broken.

NCH'S SONS,
10th—grade Footwear.
Ten-one F—Cor. 10th.



CHAPIN & SACKS, 124 Louisiana Ave.
WHOLESALE ONLY.
Phone M. 213.

CONGRESSIONAL COFFEE, 35c GREAT & PACIFIC ATLANTIC TEA CO., Cor. Seventh and E.